

## **ON THE NATURE OF 'SIGNIFICATION':**

## A GENERAL SURVEY OF THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN LANGUAGE AND THOUGHT

## JYOTIRMOY PATOWARI

Centre for Linguistics, School of Language, Literature and Culture Studies, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi, India

## ABSTRACT

The paper tries to grasp the genealogical trajectory of the concept and nature of 'signification' which is generally a much-discussed term in the works on semiotics by the pre-Saussurean and post-Saussurean philosophers. It traces the history of its formulations from the Aristotelian conventionalism up to Saussure's (1857-1913) work of *Cours de linguistique générale* (1916) and beyond. Improving John Locke's idea of words as signs, Saussure articulated the co-relation of sound and its consequent thought manifested in words as a 'form' in its social use of verbal signs. In the latter half of the 18<sup>th</sup> century, Condillac's observation on the dependency of thought on language was exciting. In this context, influenced by the American Pragmatist School of Thought, Peirce empirically constructed a typology of meaning. The later tradition of semiotic thought also supported its ever-flourishing development exploring exhaustively further clarification of different modes of signification by a host of well-known philosophers like Jacobson, Barthes, Derrida, Eco etc. In this sense, it draws a brief account of the history of systematic theorisation of the concept 'signification' in a complex social sign system.